

ICELAND

Móðurmál samtök um Rússneskt og Úkraínskt tvítyngi






Few interesting facts about Iceland

- The capital city of Iceland is Reykjavík.
- The population of Iceland is 371.580.
- International airport is located in Keflavík but there are total of 21 domestic airports in Iceland.
- About 11% of Iceland is covered by glaciers.





Traditional food

- Svið: Sheep's head
- Hákarl: fermented shark
- Pylsa: Hot dog
- Flatkaka með hangikjöti: flatbread with smoked lamb
- Harðfiskur: dry fish



Traditional drinks

- Kókómjólk: chocolate milk
- Vatn: tap water
- Malt og appelsin: traditional easter and christmas drink



Amazing landmarks in Iceland

- Hallgrímskirkja is Lutheran church it is 74 meters.
- Þingvellir is a national park and UNESCO heritage.
- Geysir
- Blue Lagoon





LEGEND ABOUT GULLFOSS

Geothermal pools, hot springs and regular swimming pools

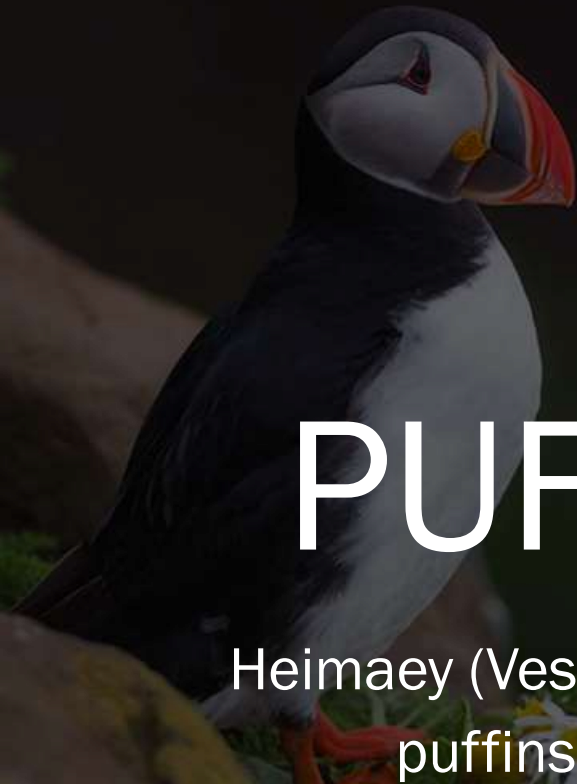
- There are many swimming pools in Iceland and it is a rule that every city has to have at least one swimming pool. (There are more than one in most cities).
- Hot springs are free of charge and are 100% natural, they are located in secluded locations and some of them are secret and the view is always amazing.
- Geothermal pools such as Myvatn, Blue Lagoon and others have a lot of health benefits and are a must- visit place in Iceland.



Northern lights

A photograph of the Northern Lights (Aurora Borealis) in a snowy, mountainous landscape. The aurora appears as a vibrant green and blue glow in the dark sky, reflected in a calm body of water in the foreground. The landscape is covered in snow, with dark rocks and sparse vegetation visible.

- Are natural and often accured phenomen
 - *Can be seen from September to March.*
 - *Some people go to remote locations but if the northern lights are strong you can see them anywhere.*



PUFFIN ISLAND

Heimaey (Vestmanneyjar) is a island that is home for puffins and they are widely found there.



What to do in Reykjavík

- Go up Hallgrímskirkja (for amazing overview).
- Visit Harpa (concert center).
- Take photos of Sun Voyager by the ocean.
- Visit Perlan (pearl of Iceland).
- Drive by the ocean and in the city on Hopp (electric scooter).





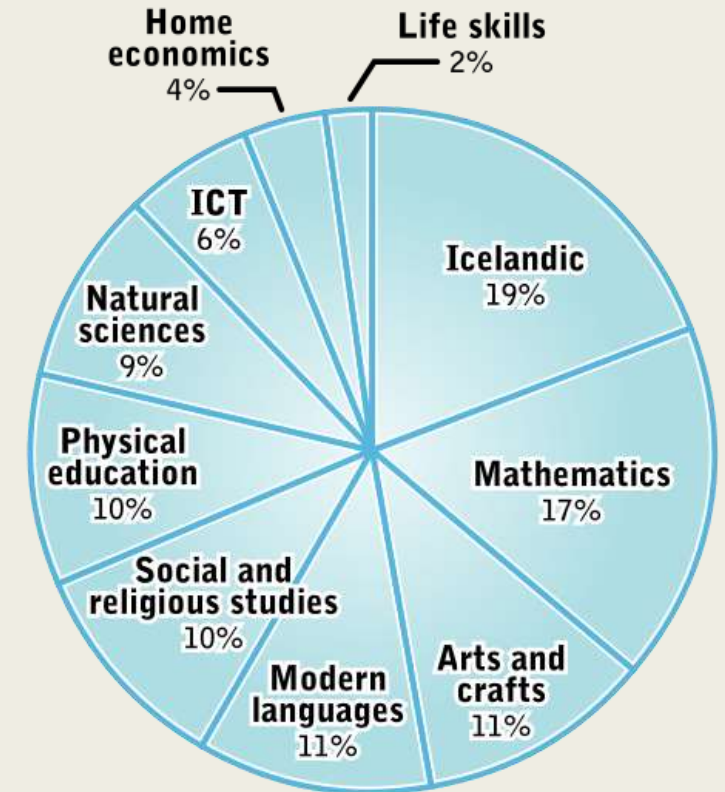
Eco friendly Iceland

- In all public places and most homes in Iceland people recycle.
- Cans, glass and plastic bottles are recycled in a special place where you get money for each bottle or can.
 - *18 króna or 13 cents.*
- Iceland is following green contract in order to be carbon neutral in 2040.
- Geothermal energy
 - *Hot water and electricity based on natural sources.*
- Pure and completely free water.



School program in Iceland

- Kindergarden (public and private)
 - *For children age 1 to 6*
- Primary school (public school)
 - *For children age 6 to 16 (1st -10th grade)*
- High school/ college (public and private)
 - *Age 16 to 19 (3 years to receive stúdentsspróf or sveinspróf)*
- University (public and private)
 - *After graduating high school.*



The division between subjects in the compulsory education period

Languages in Iceland

- National language of Iceland is Icelandic and is spoken everywhere.
- In primary school it is also mandatory for children to learn English and Danish.
- In high school students have to choose one more language to study (German, French or Spanish)
- There are many immigrants so there are also many other language schools (just like ours)


English 

Chinese 

Japanese 

Korean 

Thai 

 German

Russian 

MÓÐURMÁL

The association of
bilingualism





Móðurmál “Samtök um tvítyngi”

Móðurmál samtök um tvítyngi

This association is an umbrella organisation formed in 1994.

- Main goals
 - *Teach mother tongues*
 - *Heritage of languages*
 - *Promote diversity and respect.*

**Conference on practical ways of improving
mother tongue learning in homes, schools
and leisure**

The treasure of languages

What Móðurmál assosiation offers

- Completely free education due to being a voluntary school (no income and payment to the teachers).
- Over 20 different languages.
- Over 80 professionals and volunteers working in the assosiation.



Our association: Móðurmál
samtök um rússneskt og
úkraínskt tvítyngi.



- We teach russian and ukrainian as a mother tongue. There are 2 different groups and all of them are completely free and all the teachers are volunteers.
- Lessons are once a week on Saturday and the school day is around 3-5 hours.



Pupils in our language school

- Ludmila Zadorozhnya is the headmistress and founder of russian and ukrainian school in Móðurmál.
- There are 6 teachers who all are teaching on voluntery basis.
- There are all together around 30 students in both groups.



Extra activities for students

- We try to do as many activities for students as we can for example:
 - *Trips to museums.*
 - *School concerts or plays.*
 - *Celebrating important holidays.*
 - *Going on school trips to visit beautiful landmarks.*
 - *Performing for audience*
 - *Doing Erasmus+ projects*

Methodology

- Mother tongue classes (taught like regular second language classes taught by a native speaker) using books and textbooks bought in Russian and Ukraine.
- Performing in school plays and school concerts to learn the language through many types of art.
- Going on intellectually fulfilling trips such as museums and discussing it in class afterwards.
- Make art as a way of expressing and learning the language.





During Covid-19

- We had classes on zoom, where teachers used online method of educations such as:
 - Quizlet
 - Zoom
 - Google slides
 - Google docs



Erasmus+ projects

- Storm eco project
- Multiple development with cultural interaction
- We also learn at home



THANK YOU FOR LISTENING!

Any questions?